Hirayama, T., "Lung Cancer in Japan: Effects of Nutrition and Passive Smoking," Lung Cancer: Causes and Prevention, eds. M. Mizell and P. Correa (New York: Verlag Chimie International, 1984): 175-195.

This paper provides more of Hirayama's conclusions drawn from his large cohort study.

An overall RR of 1.45 (90% CI 1.04-2.02) was presented for nonsmoking women whose husbands smoked. A dose-response relationship with increasing number of cigarettes smoked by the husband was also claimed.

Hirayama reported a decreased risk for lung cancer in those women who consumed more green and yellow vegetables.

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Source: https://www.industrydocuments.ucsf.edu/docs/xppx0000